

Rules for Mediation
With Judge Gil Jones, Mediator

- 1. Definition of Mediation.** Mediation is a process under which an impartial person, the mediator, facilitates communication between the parties to promote reconciliation, settlement or understanding among them. The mediator may suggest ways of resolving the dispute, but may not impose his own judgment on the issues for that of the parties.
- 2. Agreement of Parties.** Whenever the parties have agreed to mediation they shall be deemed to have made these rules a part of their agreement to mediate.
- 3. Consent to Mediator.** The parties consent to the appointment of Judge Jones as mediator in their case. The mediator shall act as an advocate for resolution and shall use his best efforts to assist the parties in reaching a mutually acceptable settlement.
- 4. Conditions Precedent to Serving as Mediator.** The mediator will only serve in cases in which the parties are represented by attorneys, or in such cases as non-represented parties have specifically consented to the mediator's participation. The mediator shall not serve as mediator in any dispute in which he has any financial or personal interest in the result of the mediation. Prior to accepting an appointment, the Mediator shall disclose any circumstances likely to create a presumption of bias or the appearance of impropriety. In the event that the parties disagree as to whether the Mediator shall serve, the Mediator shall not serve.
- 5. Authority of the Mediator.** The Mediator does not have the authority to decide any issue for the parties, but will attempt to facilitate the voluntary resolution of the dispute by the parties. The Mediator is authorized to conduct joint and separate meetings with the parties and to offer suggestions to assist the parties to achieve settlement. If necessary, the Mediator may also obtain expert advice concerning technical aspects of the dispute, provided that the parties agree and assume the expenses of obtaining such advice. Arrangements for obtaining such advice shall be made by the Mediator or the parties, as the Mediator and the Parties shall determine appropriate.
- 6. Commitment to Participate in Good Faith.** While no one is asked to commit to settle their case in advance of mediation, all parties commit to participate in the proceedings in good faith with the intention to settle, if at all possible.
- 7. Parties Responsible For Negotiating Their Own Settlement.** The parties understand that the Mediator will not and cannot impose a settlement in their case, and agree that they are responsible for negotiating a settlement acceptable to them. The Mediator, as an advocate for settlement, will use every

effort to facilitate the negotiations of the parties. The Mediator does not warrant or represent that settlement will result from the mediation process.

8. Authority of Representatives. PARTY REPRESENTATIVES MUST HAVE AUTHORITY TO SETTLE AND ALL PERSONS NECESSARY TO THE DECISION TO SETTLEMENT SHALL BE PRESENT. The names and addresses of such persons shall be communicated in writing to all parties and to the Mediator prior to the mediation.

9. Time and Place of Mediation. The Mediator shall fix the time of each mediation session. The mediation shall be held at any convenient location agreeable to the Mediator and the parties, as the Mediator shall determine.

10. Identification of Matters in Dispute and Advance Information. Prior to the first session, the parties will be expected to produce all information reasonably required for the Mediator to understand the issues presented. The Mediator may require any party to supplement such information.

11. Privacy. Mediation sessions are private. The parties and their representatives may attend mediation sessions. Other persons may attend only with the permission of the parties and with the consent of the Mediator.

12. Confidentiality. Confidential information disclosed to the Mediator by the parties or by witnesses in the course of the mediation shall not be divulged by the Mediator. All records, reports, or other documents received by a mediator while serving in that capacity shall be confidential. The Mediator shall not be compelled to divulge such records or to testify in regard to the mediation in any adversary proceeding or judicial forum. Any party that violates this agreement shall pay all fees and expenses of the Mediator and other parties, including reasonable attorney's fees incurred in opposing the efforts to compel testimony or records from the Mediator.

The parties shall maintain the confidentiality of the mediation and shall not rely on, or introduce as evidence in any arbitral, judicial, or other proceeding: (a) views expressed or suggestions made by another party with respect to a possible settlement of the dispute; (b) admissions made by another party in the course of the mediation proceedings; (c) proposals made or views expressed by the Mediator; (d) the fact that another party had or had not indicated willingness to accept a proposal for settlement made by the Mediator or any party.

13. No Stenographic Record. There shall be no stenographic or other record made of the mediation session, or the mediation process, except that if a settlement is reached, a stenographic record may be made of the recitations of the agreement, or a video record of such announcement may be made if all parties consent.

14. No Service of Process at or near the Site of Mediation. No subpoenas, summons, complaints, citations, writs, motions, or other process may

be served upon any person at or near the site of any mediation session upon any person entering, attending, or leaving the mediation.

15. Termination of the Mediation. The mediation shall be terminated only (a) by the execution of a settlement agreement by the parties; (b) by declaration for the Mediator to the effect that further efforts at mediation are no longer worthwhile; or (c) after completion of one full mediation session by a written declaration of a party or parties to the effect that the mediation proceedings are terminated.

16. Exclusion of Liability. The Mediator is not a necessary or proper party in any judicial proceeding relating to the mediation. The Mediator shall not be liable for any act or omission in connection with any mediation conducted under these rules.

17. Interpretation and Application of Rules. The Mediator shall interpret and apply these rules.

18. Fees and Expenses. The mediator's fee shall be agreed upon prior to mediation and shall be paid in advance of each mediation day. The expenses of witnesses for either side shall be paid by the party producing such witness. All other expenses of the mediation, including fees and expenses of the Mediator, and the expenses of any witness and the cost of any proofs or expert advice produced at the direct request of the Mediator, shall be borne equally by the parties unless they agree otherwise.

Initialed by the parties and their attorneys

Parties	Attorneys